
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) For school year 2005-2006, the amount of base state aid per pupil shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(1) Determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of the district;

(2) For districts with an enrollment of less than 430:

(A) Subtract the amount determined under paragraph (1) from 430;

(B) divide the remainder determined under paragraph (A) by 10;

(C) multiply the quotient determined under paragraph (B) by .01;

(D) multiply the product determined under paragraph (C) by $5,261;

(E) add $6,701 to the product determined under paragraph (D). The sum is the base state aid per pupil.

(3) For districts with an enrollment of at least 430 but less than 1,300:

(A) Subtract the amount determined under paragraph (1) from 1,300;

(B) divide the remainder determined under paragraph (A) by 80;

(C) multiply the quotient determined under paragraph (B) by .01;

(D) multiply the product determined under paragraph (C) by $5,261;

(E) add $6,128 to the product determined under paragraph (D). The sum is the base state aid per pupil.

(4) For districts with an enrollment of at least 1,300 but less than 11,200:

(A) Subtract the amount determined under paragraph (1) from 11,200;

(B) divide the remainder determined under paragraph (A) by 600;

(C) multiply the quotient determined under paragraph (B) by .01;

(D) multiply the product determined under paragraph (C) by $5,261;

(E) add $5,261 to the product determined under paragraph (D). The sum is the base state aid per pupil.
(5) For districts with an enrollment of 11,200 or more, the base state aid per pupil is $5,261.

New Sec. 2. (a) In each school year, any district which is obligated to make payments from its capital outlay fund pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto, is eligible for entitlement to an amount of supplemental capital outlay state aid. Entitlement of a district to such supplemental state aid shall be determined by the state board as provided in this section. The state board shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil in the preceding school year of each district in the state;

(2) rank the districts from low to high on the basis of the amounts of assessed valuation per pupil determined under paragraph (1);

(3) identify the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil located at the 95th percentile of the amounts ranked under paragraph (2);

(4) divide the assessed valuation per pupil of the district in the preceding school year by the amount identified under paragraph (3);

(5) subtract the ratio obtained under paragraph (4) from 1.0. If the resulting ratio equals or exceeds 1.0, the eligibility of the district for entitlement to supplemental capital outlay state aid shall lapse. If the resulting ratio is less than 1.0, the district is entitled to receive such supplemental aid in an amount which shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the amount the district is obligated to pay pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto, by such ratio. The product is the amount of supplemental capital outlay state aid the district is entitled to receive for the school year.

(b) If the amount of appropriations for supplemental capital outlay state aid is less than the amount each district is entitled to receive for the school year, the state board shall prorate the amount appropriated among the districts in proportion to the amount each district is entitled to receive.

(c) The state board of education shall prescribe the dates upon which the distribution of payments of supplemental capital outlay state aid to school districts shall be due. Such payments shall be distributed to districts on the dates prescribed by the state board. The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each district, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the district shall credit the amount thereof to the supplemental capital outlay fund of the district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

(d) If any amount of supplemental capital outlay state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year pursuant to the other provisions of this section is not paid on or before June 30 of such school year, then such payment shall be paid on or after the ensuing July.
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6, as soon as moneys are available therefor. Any payment of capital outlay state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year and that is paid to school districts on or after the ensuing July 1 shall be recorded and accounted for by school districts as a receipt for the school year ending on the preceding June 30.

New Sec. 3. In order to provide for the differences in the cost of living among the school districts in the state, the state board of education shall make recommendations to the governor for adjustments to the amount of base state aid per pupil determined under section 1, and amendments thereto. In determining the amount of any such adjustment, the board shall use data from the national center for educational statistics, studies conducted by the board or other sources the board deems appropriate. The state board shall file such recommendations, if any, as part of the budget estimate required by K.S.A. 75-3717, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 72-4419 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-4419. The school district in which a student is enrolled shall pay the tuition of such student to attend any vocational education course or program when such attendance is approved as provided in K.S.A. 72-4418, and amendments thereto, from its vocational education fund, except that the general fund of the district. Any board receiving funds under an agreement under K.S.A. 72-4421, and amendments thereto, shall pay such tuition when the student is enrolled in a school district which is a party to the agreement if the agreement so provides. In the case of a school district which is not a party to an agreement under K.S.A. 72-4421, and amendments thereto, should there be insufficient or no moneys in the vocational education fund to pay such tuition, the board of education shall transfer from the general fund to the vocational education fund such amount as will satisfy the insufficiency.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 72-6405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6405. (a) K.S.A. 72-6405 through 72-6410 72-6447 and sections 1, 2 and 3, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the school district finance and quality performance act.

(b) The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act is held to be invalid or unconstitutional, it shall be presumed conclusively that the legislature would have enacted the remainder of this act without such invalid or unconstitutional provision.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 72-6407 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6407. (a) (1) "Pupil" means (A) any person who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district or (B) who is regularly enrolled in
a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12
in another district in accordance with an agreement entered into under
authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, or (C) who is
regularly enrolled in a district and attending special education and related
services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the district.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection,
a pupil in attendance full time shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil in
attendance part time shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to
the nearest \(\frac{1}{10}\)) that the pupil's attendance bears to full-time attendance.
A pupil attending kindergarten shall be counted as \(\frac{1}{2}\) pupil. A pupil en-
rolled in and attending an institution of postsecondary education which
is authorized under the laws of this state to award academic degrees shall
be counted as one pupil if the pupil's postsecondary education enrollment
and attendance together with the pupil's attendance in either of the
grades 11 or 12 is at least \(\frac{3}{5}\) time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted
as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest \(\frac{1}{10}\)) that the total time of
the pupil's postsecondary education attendance and attendance in grade
11 or 12, as applicable, bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in
and attending an area vocational school, area vocational-technical school
or approved vocational education program shall be counted as one pupil
if the pupil's vocational education enrollment and attendance together
with the pupil’s attendance in any of grades nine through 12 is at least \(\frac{3}{5}\)
time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil
(to the nearest \(\frac{1}{10}\)) that the total time of the pupil’s vocational education
attendance and attendance in any of grades nine through 12 bears to full-
time attendance. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special ed-
ucation and related services, except special education and related services
for preschool-aged exceptional children, provided for by the district shall
be counted as one pupil. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending
special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional chil-
dren provided for by the district shall be counted as \(\frac{1}{2}\) pupil. A preschool-
aged at-risk pupil enrolled in a district and receiving services under an
approved at-risk pupil assistance plan maintained by the district shall be
counted as \(\frac{1}{2}\) pupil. A pupil in the custody of the secretary of social and
rehabilitation services and enrolled in unified school district No. 259,
Sedgwick county, Kansas, but housed, maintained, and receiving educa-
tional services at the Judge James V. Riddel Boys Ranch, shall be counted
as two pupils.

(3) A pupil residing at the Flint Hills job corps center shall not be
counted. A pupil confined in and receiving educational services provided
for by a district at a juvenile detention facility shall not be counted. A
pupil enrolled in a district but housed, maintained, and receiving edu-
cational services at a state institution shall not be counted. A pupil en-
rolled in a virtual school in a district but who is not a resident of the state of Kansas shall not be counted.

(b) “Preschool-aged exceptional children” means exceptional children, except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten.

(c) “At-risk pupils” means pupils who are eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who are enrolled in a district which maintains an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan.

(d) “Preschool-aged at-risk pupil” means an at-risk pupil who has attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance with guidelines consonant with guidelines governing the selection of pupils for participation in head start programs. The state board shall select not more than 5,500 preschool-aged at-risk pupils to be counted in any school year.

(e) “Enrollment” means: (1) For districts scheduling the school days or school hours of the school term on a trimestral or quarterly basis, the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 plus the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on February 20 less the number of pupils regularly enrolled on February 20 who were counted in the enrollment of the district on September 20, and for districts not specified in this clause (1), the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20; (2) if enrollment in a district in any school year has decreased from enrollment in the preceding school year, enrollment of the district in the current school year means whichever is the greater of (A) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled, plus enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled, or (B) the sum of enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and the average (mean) of the sum of (i) enrollment of the district in the current school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and (ii) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled and (iii) enrollment in the school year next preceding the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled; or (3) the number of pupils as determined under K.S.A. 72-6447, and amendments thereto.

(f) “Adjusted enrollment” means enrollment adjusted by adding at-risk pupil weighting, program weighting, low enrollment weighting, if any, correlation weighting, if any, school facilities weighting, if any, ancillary
school facilities weighting, if any, special education and related services weighting, and transportation weighting to enrollment.

(g) “At-risk pupil weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of at-risk pupils.

(h) “Program weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of pupil attendance in educational programs which differ in cost from regular educational programs.

(i) “Low enrollment weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts having under 1,725 enrollment on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts in comparison with costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by districts having 1,725 or over enrollment.

(j) “School facilities weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has adopted a local option budget and budgeted therein the total amount authorized for the school year. School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of the district only in the school year in which operation of a new school facility is commenced and in the next succeeding two school years.

(k) “Transportation weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to the provision or furnishing of transportation.

(l) “Correlation weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts having 1,725 or over enrollment on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts as a correlate to low enrollment weighting assigned to enrollment of districts having under 1,725 enrollment.

(m) “Ancillary school facilities weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. Ancillary school facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, and remitted the proceeds from such tax to the state treasurer. Ancillary school facilities weighting is in addition to assignment of school facilities weighting to enrollment of any district eligible for such weighting.

(n) “Juvenile detention facility” means: (1) Any secure public or private facility which is used for the lawful custody of accused or adjudicated juvenile offenders and which shall not be a jail;

(2) any level VI treatment facility licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment which is a psychiatric residential treatment
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facility for individuals under the age of 21 which conforms with the reg-
ulations of the centers for medicare/medicaid services and the joint com-
misson on accreditation of health care organizations governing such fa-
cilities; and

(3) the Forbes Juvenile Attention Facility, the Sappa Valley Youth
Ranch of Oberlin, Salvation Army/Koch Center Youth Services, the Claren-
ce M. Kelley Youth Center, the Clarence M. Kelley Transitional Living
Center, Trego County Secure Care Center, St. Francis Academy at At-
chison, St. Francis Academy at Ellsworth, St. Francis Academy at Salina,
St. Francis Center at Salina, King's Achievement Center, and Liberty
Juvenile Services and Treatment.

(l) “Special education and related services weighting” means an
addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs
attributable to provision of special education and related services for pu-
pils determined to be exceptional children.

(m) “Virtual school” means any kindergarten or grades one
through 12 course offered for credit that uses distance-learning technol-
ogies which predominantly use internet-based methods to deliver instruc-
tion and for which the course content is available on an “anytime, any-
place” basis, but the instruction occurs asynchronously with the teacher
and pupil in separate locations, not necessarily located within a local ed-
ucation agency.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 72-6409 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6409. (a) “General fund” means the fund of a district from
which operating expenses are paid and in which is deposited the proceeds
from the tax levied under K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto, all
amounts of general state aid under this act, payments under K.S.A. 72-
7105a, and amendments thereto, payments of federal funds made avail-
able under the provisions of title I of public law 874, except amounts
received for assistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received
under the low-rent housing program, and such other moneys as are pro-
vided by law.

(b) “Operating expenses” means the total expenditures and lawful
transfers from the general fund of a district during a school year for all
purposes, except expenditures for the purposes specified in K.S.A. 72-
6430, and amendments thereto.

(c) “General fund budget” means the amount budgeted for operating
expenses in the general fund of a district.

(d) “Budget per pupil” means the general fund budget of a district
divided by the enrollment of the district.

(e) “Program weighted fund” means and includes the following funds
of a district: Vocational education fund, special education fund and biling-
gual education fund.
(f) “Categorical fund” means and includes the following funds of a district: Special education fund, Food service fund, driver training fund, adult education fund, adult supplementary education fund, area vocational school fund, professional development fund, parent education program fund, summer program fund, extraordinary school program fund, and educational excellence grant program fund.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 72-6410 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6410. (a) “State financial aid” means an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying base state aid per pupil by the adjusted enrollment of a district.

(b) “Base state aid per pupil” means an amount of state financial aid per pupil. Subject to the other provisions of this subsection, the amount of base state aid per pupil is $3,890. The amount of base state aid per pupil is subject to reduction commensurate with any reduction under K.S.A. 75-6704, and amendments thereto, in the amount of the appropriation from the state general fund for general state aid. If the amount of appropriations for general state aid is insufficient to pay in full the amount each district is entitled to receive for any school year, the amount of base state aid per pupil for such school year is subject to reduction commensurate with the amount of the insufficiency as determined by section 1, and amendments thereto.

(c) “Local effort” means the sum of an amount equal to the proceeds from the tax levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to any unexpended and unencumbered balance remaining in the general fund of the district, except amounts received by the district and authorized to be expended for the purposes specified in K.S.A. 72-6430, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to any unexpended and unencumbered balances remaining in the program weighted funds fund of the district, except any amount in the vocational education fund of the district if the district is operating an area vocational school, and an amount equal to any remaining proceeds from taxes levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-7056 and 72-7072, and amendments thereto, prior to the repeal of such statutory sections, and an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current school year from amounts received in such year by the district under the provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-1046a, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current school year from amounts received in such year by the district pursuant to contracts made and entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-6757, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to the amount credited to the general fund in the current school year from amounts distributed in such year to the district under the provisions of articles 17 and 34 of chapter 12 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and under the pro-
visions of articles 42 and 51 of chapter 79 of Kansas Statutes Annotated,
and an amount equal to the amount of payments received by the district
under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-979, and amendments thereto, and an
amount equal to the amount of a grant, if any, received by the district
under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-983, and amendments thereto, and an
amount equal to 75% of the federal impact aid of the district.
(d) “Federal impact aid” means an amount equal to the federally
qualified percentage of the amount of moneys a district receives in the
current school year under the provisions of title I of public law 874 and
congressional appropriations therefor, excluding amounts received for as-
sistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received under the low-
rent housing program. The amount of federal impact aid defined herein
as an amount equal to the federally qualified percentage of the amount
of moneys provided for the district under title I of public law 874 shall
be determined by the state board in accordance with terms and conditions
imposed under the provisions of the public law and rules and regulations
thereunder.
Sec. 9. K.S.A. 72-6411 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-
6411. (a) The transportation weighting of each district shall be deter-
mined by the state board as follows:
(1) Determine the total expenditures of the district during the pre-
ceding school year from all funds for transporting pupils of public and
nonpublic schools on regular school routes;
(2) divide the amount determined under (1) by the total number of
pupils who were included in the enrollment of the district in the preced-
ing school year and for whom transportation was made available by the
district;
(3) multiply the quotient obtained under (2) by the total number of
pupils who were included in the enrollment of the district in the preced-
ing school year, were residing less than 21⁄2 1.25 miles by the usually
traveled road from the school building they attended, and for whom trans-
portation was made available by the district;
(4) multiply the product obtained under (3) by 50%;
(5) subtract the product obtained under (4) from the amount deter-
mined under (1);
(6) divide the remainder obtained under (5) by the total number of
pupils who were included in the enrollment of the district in the preced-
ing school year, were residing 21⁄2 1.25 miles or more by the usually
traveled road from the school building they attended and for whom trans-
portation was made available by the district. The quotient is the per-pupil
cost of transportation;
(7) on a density-cost graph plot the per-pupil cost of transportation
for each district;
(8) construct a curve of best fit for the points so plotted;
(9) locate the index of density for the district on the base line of the density-cost graph and from the point on the curve of best fit directly above this point of index of density follow a line parallel to the base line to the point of intersection with the vertical line, which point is the formula per-pupil cost of transportation of the district;
(10) divide the formula per-pupil cost of transportation of the district by base state aid per pupil;
(11) multiply the quotient obtained under (10) by the number of pupils who are included in the enrollment of the district, are residing 2 1/2 miles or more by the usually traveled road to the school building they attend, and for whom transportation is being made available by, and at the expense of, the district. The product is the transportation weighting of the district.

(b) For the purpose of providing accurate and reliable data on pupil transportation, the state board is authorized to adopt rules and regulations prescribing procedures which districts shall follow in reporting pertinent information relative thereto, including uniform reporting of expenditures for transportation.

c) "Index of density" means the number of pupils who are included in the enrollment of a district in the current school year, are residing 2 1/2 miles or more by the usually traveled road from the school building they attend, and for whom transportation is being made available on regular school routes by the district, divided by the number of square miles of territory in the district.

d) "Density-cost graph" means a drawing having: (1) A horizontal or base line divided into equal intervals of density, beginning with zero on the left; and (2) a scale for per-pupil cost of transportation to be shown on a line perpendicular to the base line at the left end thereof, such scale to begin with zero dollars at the base line ascending by equal per-pupil cost intervals.

e) "Curve of best fit" means the curve on a density-cost graph drawn so the sum of the distances squared from such line to each of the points plotted on the graph is the least possible.

The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1992.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 72-6413 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6413. The program weighting of each district shall be the sum of the special education and related services weighting of the district and the bilingual education weighting of the district and shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(a) Compute full time equivalent enrollment in programs of bilingual education and multiply the computed enrollment by 0.2;
(b) compute full-time equivalent enrollment in approved vocational education programs and multiply the computed enrollment by 0.5;

(c) add the products obtained under (a) and (b). The sum is the program weighting of the district.

(d) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1992.

(a) The state board shall determine the special education and related services weighting of the district as follows:

(1) Determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of each district;
(2) multiply the number determined under paragraph (1) by .00002;
(3) add .90 to the product determined under paragraph (2) of this subsection. The sum is the special education and related services weighting of the district.

(b) The state board shall determine the bilingual education weighting of the district as follows:

(1) Determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of each district;
(2) (A) for districts with an enrollment of less than 500, multiply the number determined under paragraph (1) of this subsection by .15. The product is the bilingual weighting of the district;
(B) for districts with an enrollment of at least 500 but less than 1,000:
(i) Subtract 500 from the enrollment of the district;
(ii) multiply the remainder determined under paragraph (i) of this subsection by .0014;
(iii) add .15 to the product determined under paragraph (ii) of this subsection. The sum is the bilingual weighting of the district;
(C) for districts with an enrollment of 1,000 or more:
(i) Subtract 1,000 from the enrollment of the district;
(ii) multiply the remainder determined under paragraph (i) of this subsection by .000005;
(iii) add .85 to the product obtained under paragraph (ii) of this subsection. The sum is the bilingual education weighting of the district.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 72-6414 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6414. (a) The at-risk pupil weighting of the district shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the number of at-risk pupils included in enrollment of the district by .10. The product is the at-risk pupil weighting of the district as follows:

(1) Determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of the district;
(2) determine the number of at-risk pupils included in the enrollment of the district.
(3) For districts with an enrollment of less than 200, multiply the number determined under paragraph (2) by .20. The product is the at-risk weighting of the district.
(4) For districts of 200 or more:
(A) Divide 1,000 by the enrollment of the district;
(B) multiply the quotient obtained under paragraph (A) by .08;
(C) subtract the product determined under paragraph (B) from .60.
The remainder is the at-risk weighting of the district.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (d), of the amount a district
receives from the at-risk pupil weighting, an amount produced by a pupil
weighting of .01 shall be used by the district for achieving mastery of
basic reading skills by completion of the third grade in accordance with
standards and outcomes of mastery identified by the state board under
K.S.A. 72-7534, and amendments thereto.

(c) A district shall include such information in its at-risk pupil assis-
tance plan as the state board may require regarding the district’s reme-
diation strategies and the results thereof in achieving the third grade
reading standards and outcomes of mastery identified by the state board.
The reporting requirements shall include information documenting re-
mediation strategies and improvement made by pupils who performed
below the expected standard on the second grade diagnostic reading test
prescribed by the state board.

(d) A district whose pupils substantially achieve the state board stan-
dards and outcomes of mastery of reading skills upon completion of third
grade may be released, upon request, by the state board from the require-
ments of subsection (b).

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 72-6415 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-
6415. (a) The school facilities weighting of each district shall be deter-
dined in each school year in which such weighting may be assigned to
enrollment of the district as follows:
(1) Determine the number of pupils, included in enrollment of the
district, who are attending a new school facility;
(2) (A) multiply the number of pupils determined under paragraph
(1) by .25 in the first year in which such weighting may be assigned;
(B) multiply the number of pupils determined under paragraph (1)
by .16 in the second year in which such weighting may be assigned;
(C) multiply the number of pupils determined under paragraph (1)
by .08 in the third year in which such weighting may be assigned.
(b) The product determined under subsection (a) is the school facil-
ities weighting of the district.

(b) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force
from and after July 1, 1992.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 72-6420 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-
6420. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall
be called the special education fund, which fund shall consist of all mon-
neys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. Notwith-
standing any other provision of law Except as provided herein, all moneys
received by the district from whatever source for special education shall be credited to the special education fund established by this section, except that (1) amounts of payments received by a district under K.S.A. 72-979, and amendments thereto, and amounts of grants, if any, received by a district under K.S.A. 72-983, and amendments thereto, shall be deposited in the general fund of the district and transferred to the special education fund; and (2) any moneys received by a district pursuant to lawful agreements made under K.S.A. 72-968, and amendments thereto, shall be credited to the special fund established under the agreements.

(b) The expenses of a district directly attributable to special education shall be paid from the special education fund and from special funds established under K.S.A. 72-968, and amendments thereto.

(c) Obligations of a district pursuant to lawful agreements made under K.S.A. 72-968, and amendments thereto, shall be paid from the special education fund established by this section.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 72-6421 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6421. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the vocational education fund. All moneys received by a district for any course or program authorized and approved under the provisions of article 44 of chapter 72 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, except for courses and programs conducted in an area vocational school, shall be credited to the vocational education fund general fund of the school district. All moneys received by the district from tuition, fees or charges or from any other source for vocational education courses or programs, except for courses and programs conducted in an area vocational school, shall be credited to the vocational education general fund. The expenses of a district directly attributable to vocational education shall be paid from the vocational education general fund.

(b) Obligations of a district pursuant to lawful agreements made under K.S.A. 72-4421, and amendments thereto, shall be paid from the vocational education fund established by this section general fund of the school district. If any such agreement expresses an obligation of a district in terms of a mill levy, such obligation shall be construed to mean an amount equal to that which would be produced by the levy.

(c) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1992. The vocational education fund of each district is hereby abolished. Any moneys in such fund shall be transferred and credited to the general fund of the school district.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 72-6431 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6431. (a) The board of each district shall levy an ad valorem tax upon the taxable tangible property of the district in the school years specified in subsection (b) for the purpose of:

(1) Financing that portion of the district’s general fund budget which
is not financed from any other source provided by law;

(2) paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public
schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the legis-
lature to finance the educational interests of the state; and

(3) with respect to any redevelopment district established prior to
July 1, 1997, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, pay-
ing a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under
authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing
of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district.

(b) The tax required under subsection (a) shall be levied at a rate of

(c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of
this section, except the proceeds of such tax levied for the purpose of
paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities
under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the fi-
nancing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the dis-

(b) (1) When any or all of the conditions specified in this provision
exist, the board of education of a school district shall provide or furnish
transportation for pupils who reside in the school district and who attend
any school of the school district or who attend any school of another
school district in accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered
into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto. The
conditions which apply to the requirements of this provision are as
follows:

(A) The residence of the pupil is inside or outside the corporate limits
of a city, the school building attended is outside the corporate limits of a
city and the school building attended is more than 2\frac{1}{2} 1.25 miles by the usually traveled road from the residence of the pupil; or

(B) the residence of the pupil is outside the corporate limits of a city, the school building attended is inside the corporate limits of a city and the school building attended is more than 2\frac{1}{2} 1.25 miles by the usually traveled road from the residence of the pupil; or

(C) the residence of the pupil is inside the corporate limits of one city, the school building attended is inside the corporate limits of a different city and the school building attended is more than 2\frac{1}{2} 1.25 miles by the usually traveled road from the residence of the pupil.

(2) The provisions of this subsection are subject to the provisions of subsections (c) and (d).

(c) The board of education of every school district is authorized to adopt rules and regulations to govern the conduct, control and discipline of all pupils while being transported in school buses. The board may suspend or revoke the transportation privilege or entitlement of any pupil who violates any rules and regulations adopted by the board under authority of this subsection.

(d) The board of education of every school district may suspend or revoke the transportation privilege or entitlement of any pupil who is detained at school at the conclusion of the school day for violation of any rules and regulations governing pupil conduct or for disobedience of an order of a teacher or other school authority. Suspension or revocation of the transportation privilege or entitlement of any pupil specified in this subsection shall be limited to the school day or days on which the pupil is detained at school. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any pupil who has been determined to be an exceptional child, except gifted children, under the provisions of the special education for exceptional children act.

(e) (1) Subject to the limitations specified in this subsection, the board of education of any school district may prescribe and collect fees to offset, totally or in part, the costs incurred for the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils. The limitations which apply to the authorization granted by this subsection are as follows:

(A) Fees for the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils shall be prescribed and collected only to recover the costs incurred as a result of and directly attributable to the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils and only to the extent that such costs are not reimbursed from any other source provided by law;

(B) fees for the provision or furnishing of transportation may not be assessed against or collected from any pupil who is counted in determining the transportation weighting of the school district under the provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act or any pupil
1 who is determined to be a child with disabilities under the provisions of
2 the special education for exceptional children act or any pupil who is
3 eligible for free or reduced price meals under the national school lunch
4 act or any pupil who is entitled to transportation under the provisions of
5 subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-8306, and amendments thereto, and who re-
6 sides 2 1/2 1.25 miles or more by the regular route of a school bus from
7 the school attended;
8 (C) fees for the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils in
9 accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered into under au-
10 thority of K.S.A. 72-8233 or 72-8307, and amendments thereto, shall be
11 controlled by the provisions of the agreement.
12 (2) All moneys received by a school district from fees collected under
13 this subsection shall be deposited in the general fund of the district.
14 Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-32,110 is hereby amended to read as
15 follows: 79-32,110. (a) Resident Individuals. Except as otherwise provided
16 by subsection (a) of K.S.A. 79-3220, and amendments thereto, a tax is
17 hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of every resident indi-
18 vidual, which tax shall be computed in accordance with the following tax
19 schedules:
20 (1) Married individuals filing joint returns.
21 If the taxable income is: The tax is:
22 Not over $30,000 ............................ 3.5% of Kansas taxable income
23 Over $30,000 but not over $60,000 ...... $1,050 plus 6.25% of excess over $30,000
24 Over $60,000 .............................. $2,925 plus 6.45% of excess over $60,000
25 (2) All other individuals.
26 (A) For tax year 1997:
27 If the taxable income is: The tax is:
28 Not over $20,000 ............................ 4.1% of Kansas taxable income
29 Over $20,000 but not over $30,000 ...... $820 plus 7.5% of excess over $20,000
30 Over $30,000 .............................. $1,570 plus 7.75% of excess over $30,000
31 (B) For tax years 1998, and all tax years thereafter:
32 If the taxable income is: The tax is:
33 Not over $15,000 ............................ 3.5% of Kansas taxable income
34 Over $15,000 but not over $30,000 ...... $525 plus 6.25% of excess over $15,000
35 Over $30,000 .............................. $1,462.50 plus 6.45% of excess over $30,000
36 (b) Nonresident Individuals. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas
37 taxable income of every nonresident individual, which tax shall be an
38 amount equal to the tax computed under subsection (a) as if the nonres-
39 ident were a resident multiplied by the ratio of modified Kansas source
40 income to Kansas adjusted gross income.
41 (c) Corporations. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable
42 income of every corporation doing business within this state or deriving
43 income from sources within this state. Such tax shall consist of a normal
tax and a surtax and shall be computed as follows:

(1) The normal tax shall be in an amount equal to 4% of the Kansas taxable income of such corporation; and

(2) the surtax shall be in an amount equal to 3.35% of the Kansas taxable income of such corporation in excess of $50,000.

(d) Fiduciaries. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of estates and trusts at the rates provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) hereof.

(e) In addition to the tax imposed pursuant to subsections (a) and (b), for tax years commencing after December 31, 2004, a surcharge shall be imposed on resident individuals and nonresident individuals and corporations in the amount of 15% of the tax due pursuant to subsection (a), (b) and (c), computed without regard to any applicable income tax credits.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-3603 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3603. For the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state or rendering or furnishing any of the services taxable under this act, there is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid a tax at the rate of 5.3% 6.3%. Within a redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, there is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid an additional tax at the rate of 2% until the earlier of the date the bonds issued to finance or refinance the redevelopment project have been paid in full or the final scheduled maturity of the first series of bonds issued to finance any part of the project upon:

(a) The gross receipts received from the sale of tangible personal property at retail within this state;

(b) (1) the gross receipts from intrastate telephone or telegraph services; (2) the gross receipts received from the sale of interstate telephone or telegraph services, which (A) originate within this state and terminate outside the state and are billed to a customer's telephone number or account in this state; or (B) originate outside this state and terminate within this state and are billed to a customer's telephone number or account in this state except that the sale of interstate telephone or telegraph service does not include: (A) Any interstate incoming or outgoing wide area telephone service or wide area transmission type service which entitles the subscriber to make or receive an unlimited number of communications to or from persons having telephone service in a specified area which is outside the state in which the station provided this service is located; (B) any interstate private communications service to the persons contracting for the receipt of that service that entitles the purchaser to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between exchanges; (C) any value-added nonvoice service in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, con-
tent, code or protocol of the information to be transmitted; (D) any telecommunication service to a provider of telecommunication services which will be used to render telecommunications services, including carrier access services; or (E) any service or transaction defined in this section among entities classified as members of an affiliated group as provided by section 1504 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect on January 1, 2001; and (3) the gross receipts from the provision of services taxable under this subsection which are billed on a combined basis with nontaxable services, shall be accounted for and the tax remitted as follows: The taxable portion of the selling price of those combined services shall include only those charges for taxable services if the selling price for the taxable services can be readily distinguishable in the retailer's books and records from the selling price for the nontaxable services. Otherwise, the gross receipts from the sale of both taxable and nontaxable services billed on a combined basis shall be deemed attributable to the taxable services included therein. Within 90 days of billing taxable services on a combined basis with nontaxable services, the retailer shall enter into a written agreement with the secretary identifying the methodology to be used in determining the taxable portion of the selling price of those combined services. The burden of proving that any receipt or charge is not taxable shall be upon the retailer. Upon request from the customer, the retailer shall disclose to the customer the selling price for the taxable services included in the selling price for the taxable and nontaxable services billed on a combined basis;

(c) the gross receipts from the sale or furnishing of gas, water, electricity and heat, which sale is not otherwise exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act, and whether furnished by municipally or privately owned utilities, except that, on and after January 1, 2006, for sales of gas, electricity and heat delivered through mains, lines or pipes to residential premises for noncommercial use by the occupant of such premises, and for agricultural use and also, for such use, all sales of propane gas, the state rate shall be 0%; and for all sales of propane gas, LP gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources for the production of heat or lighting for noncommercial use of an occupant of residential premises, the state rate shall be 0%, but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts from: (1) The sale of a rural water district benefit unit; (2) a water system impact fee, system enhancement fee or similar fee collected by a water supplier as a condition for establishing service; or (3) connection or reconnection fees collected by a water supplier;

(d) the gross receipts from the sale of meals or drinks furnished at any private club, drinking establishment, catered event, restaurant, eating house, dining car, hotel, drugstore or other place where meals or drinks are regularly sold to the public;
(e) the gross receipts from the sale of admissions to any place providing amusement, entertainment or recreation services including admissions to state, county, district and local fairs, but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts received from sales of admissions to any cultural and historical event which occurs triennially;

(f) the gross receipts from the operation of any coin-operated device dispensing or providing tangible personal property, amusement or other services except laundry services, whether automatic or manually operated;

(g) the gross receipts from the service of renting of rooms by hotels, as defined by K.S.A. 36-501 and amendments thereto, or by accommodation brokers, as defined by K.S.A. 12-1692, and amendments thereto but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts received from sales of such service to the federal government and any agency, officer or employee thereof in association with the performance of official government duties;

(h) the gross receipts from the service of renting or leasing of tangible personal property except such tax shall not apply to the renting or leasing of machinery, equipment or other personal property owned by a city and purchased from the proceeds of industrial revenue bonds issued prior to July 1, 1973, in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1740 through 12-1749, and amendments thereto, and any city or lessee renting or leasing such machinery, equipment or other personal property purchased with the proceeds of such bonds who shall have paid a tax under the provisions of this section upon sales made prior to July 1, 1973, shall be entitled to a refund from the sales tax refund fund of all taxes paid thereon;

(i) the gross receipts from the rendering of dry cleaning, pressing, dyeing and laundry services except laundry services rendered through a coin-operated device whether automatic or manually operated;

(j) the gross receipts from the rendering of the services of washing and waxing of vehicles;

(k) the gross receipts from cable, community antennae and other subscriber radio and television services;

(l) (1) except as otherwise provided by paragraph (2), the gross receipts received from the sales of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or repairmen for use by them in erecting structures, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering, or repairing real or personal property.

(2) Any such contractor, subcontractor or repairman who maintains an inventory of such property both for sale at retail and for use by them for the purposes described by paragraph (1) shall be deemed a retailer with respect to purchases for and sales from such inventory, except that the gross receipts received from any such sale, other than a sale at retail,
(m) the gross receipts received from fees and charges by public and private clubs, drinking establishments, organizations and businesses for participation in sports, games and other recreational activities, but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts received from:
(1) Fees and charges by any political subdivision, by any organization exempt from property taxation pursuant to paragraph Ninth of K.S.A. 79-201, and amendments thereto, or by any youth recreation organization exclusively providing services to persons 18 years of age or younger which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for participation in sports, games and other recreational activities; and (2) entry fees and charges for participation in a special event or tournament sanctioned by a national sporting association to which spectators are charged an admission which is taxable pursuant to subsection (e);
(n) the gross receipts received from dues charged by public and private clubs, drinking establishments, organizations and businesses, payment of which entitles a member to the use of facilities for recreation or entertainment, but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts received from: (1) Dues charged by any organization exempt from property taxation pursuant to paragraphs Eighth and Ninth of K.S.A. 79-201, and amendments thereto; and (2) sales of memberships in a nonprofit organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and whose purpose is to support the operation of a nonprofit zoo;
(o) the gross receipts received from the isolated or occasional sale of motor vehicles or trailers but not including: (1) The transfer of motor vehicles or trailers by a person to a corporation or limited liability company solely in exchange for stock securities or membership interest in such corporation or limited liability company; or (2) the transfer of motor vehicles or trailers by one corporation or limited liability company to another when all of the assets of such corporation or limited liability company are transferred to such other corporation or limited liability company; or (3) the sale of motor vehicles or trailers which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq., and amendments thereto, by an immediate family member to another immediate family member. For the purposes of clause (3), immediate family member means lineal ascendants or descendants, and their spouses. The base for computing the tax shall be the stated selling price of the motor vehicle or trailer or the value pursuant to subsections (a), (b)(1) and (b)(2) of K.S.A. 79-5105, and amendments thereto, whichever amount is higher. The actual selling price shall be the base for computing the tax on the
isolated or occasional sale of wrecked or damaged vehicles. In determining the base for computing the tax on such isolated or occasional sale, the fair market value of any motor vehicle or trailer traded in by the purchaser to the seller may be deducted from the selling price;

(p) the gross receipts received for the service of installing or applying tangible personal property which when installed or applied is not being held for sale in the regular course of business, and whether or not such tangible personal property when installed or applied remains tangible personal property or becomes a part of real estate, except that no tax shall be imposed upon the service of installing or applying tangible personal property in connection with the original construction of a building or facility, the original construction, reconstruction, restoration, remodeling, renovation, repair or replacement of a residence or the construction, reconstruction, restoration, replacement or repair of a bridge or highway.

For the purposes of this subsection:

(1) "Original construction" shall mean the first or initial construction of a new building or facility. The term "original construction" shall include the addition of an entire room or floor to any existing building or facility, the completion of any unfinished portion of any existing building or facility and the restoration, reconstruction or replacement of a building or facility damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, lightning, explosion or earthquake, but such term, except with regard to a residence, shall not include replacement, remodeling, restoration, renovation or reconstruction under any other circumstances;

(2) "building" shall mean only those enclosures within which individuals customarily are employed, or which are customarily used to house machinery, equipment or other property, and including the land improvements immediately surrounding such building;

(3) "facility" shall mean a mill, plant, refinery, oil or gas well, water well, feedlot or any conveyance, transmission or distribution line of any cooperative, nonprofit, membership corporation organized under or subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 17-4601 et seq., and amendments thereto, or of any municipal or quasi-municipal corporation, including the land improvements immediately surrounding such facility; and

(4) "residence" shall mean only those enclosures within which individuals customarily live;

(q) the gross receipts received for the service of repairing, servicing, altering or maintaining tangible personal property which when such services are rendered is not being held for sale in the regular course of business, and whether or not any tangible personal property is transferred in connection therewith. The tax imposed by this subsection shall be applicable to the services of repairing, servicing, altering or maintaining an item of tangible personal property which has been and is fastened to,
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1 connected with or built into real property;
2 (r) the gross receipts from fees or charges made under service or
3 maintenance agreement contracts for services, charges for the providing
4 of which are taxable under the provisions of subsection (p) or (q);
5 (s) on and after January 1, 2005, the gross receipts received from the
6 sale of prewritten computer software and the sale of the services of mod-
7 ifying, altering, updating or maintaining prewritten computer software,
8 whether the prewritten computer software is installed or delivered elec-
9 tronically by tangible storage media physically transferred to the pur-
10 chaser or by load and leave;
11 (t) the gross receipts received for telephone answering services, mo-
12 bile telecommunication services, beeper services and other similar serv-
13 ices. On and after August 1, 2002, the provisions of the federal mobile
14 telecommunications sourcing act as in effect on January 1, 2002, shall be
15 applicable to all sales of mobile telecommunication services taxable pur-
16 suant to this subsection. The secretary of revenue is hereby authorized
17 and directed to perform any act deemed necessary to properly implement
18 such provisions;
19 (u) the gross receipts received from the sale of prepaid calling service
20 as defined in K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-3673, and amendments thereto; and
21 (v) the gross receipts received from the sales of bingo cards, bingo
22 faces and instant bingo tickets by licensees under K.S.A. 79-4701, et seq.,
23 and amendments thereto, shall be taxed at a rate of: (1) 4.9% on July 1,
24 2000, and before July 1, 2001; and (2) 2.5% on July 1, 2001, and before
25 July 1, 2002. From and after July 1, 2002, all sales of bingo cards, bingo
26 faces and instant bingo tickets by licensees under K.S.A. 79-4701 et seq.,
27 and amendments thereto, shall be exempt from taxes imposed pursuant
28 to this section.
29 Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-3620 is hereby amended to read as
30 follows: 79-3620. (a) All revenue collected or received by the director of
31 taxation from the taxes imposed by this act shall be remitted to the state
32 treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and
33 amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state
34 treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury, less
35 amounts withheld as provided in subsection (b) and amounts credited as
36 provided in subsection (c) and (d), to the credit of the state general fund.
37 (b) A refund fund, designated as “sales tax refund fund” not to exceed
38 $100,000 shall be set apart and maintained by the director from sales tax
39 collections and estimated tax collections and held by the state treasurer
40 for prompt payment of all sales tax refunds including refunds authorized
41 under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-3635, and amendments thereto. Such
42 fund shall be in such amount, within the limit set by this section, as the
43 director shall determine is necessary to meet current refunding require-
ments under this act. In the event such fund as established by this section
is, at any time, insufficient to provide for the payment of refunds due
claimants thereof, the director shall certify the amount of additional funds
required to the director of accounts and reports who shall promptly trans-
fer the required amount from the state general fund to the sales tax refund
fund, and notify the state treasurer, who shall make proper entry in the
records.

(c) (1) The state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{5}{98} \) of the revenue collected
or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 4.9\%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a),
exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state
highway fund.

(2) The state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{5}{106} \) of the revenue collected or
received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 5.3\%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a),
exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state
highway fund.

(3) On July 1, 2006, the state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{19}{265} \) of the rev-
enue collected and received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and
amendments thereto, at the rate of 5.3\%, and deposited as provided by
subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d),
in the state highway fund.

(4) On July 1, 2007, the state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{13}{106} \) of the rev-
enue collected and received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and
amendments thereto, at the rate of 5.3\%, and deposited as provided by
subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d),
in the state highway fund.

(5) The state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{5}{126} \) of the revenue collected or
received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 6.3\%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a),
exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state high-
way fund.

(d) The state treasurer shall credit all revenue collected or received
from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto, as
certified by the director, from taxpayers doing business within that por-
tion of a redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project or
taxpayers doing business with such entity financed by a special bond pro-
ject as defined in K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, that was
determined by the secretary of commerce to be of statewide as well as
local importance or will create a major tourism area for the state or the
project was designated as a special bond project as defined in K.S.A. 12-
1770a, and amendments thereto, to the city bond finance fund, which
fund is hereby created. The provisions of this subsection shall expire when
the total of all amounts credited hereunder and under subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3710, and amendments thereto, is sufficient to retire the special obligation bonds issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of such redevelopment or special bond project.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-3703 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3703. There is hereby levied and there shall be collected from every person in this state a tax or excise for the privilege of using, storing, or consuming within this state any article of tangible personal property. Such tax shall be levied and collected in an amount equal to the consideration paid by the taxpayer multiplied by the rate of 5.3%. Within a redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, there is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid an additional tax of 2% until the earlier of: (1) The date the bonds issued to finance or refinance the redevelopment project undertaken in the district have been paid in full; or (2) the final scheduled maturity of the first series of bonds issued to finance the redevelopment project. All property purchased or leased within or without this state and subsequently used, stored or consumed in this state shall be subject to the compensating tax if the same property or transaction would have been subject to the Kansas retailers’ sales tax had the transaction been wholly within this state.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-3710 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3710. (a) All revenue collected or received by the director under the provisions of this act shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury, less amounts set apart as provided in subsection (b) and amounts credited as provided in subsection (c) and (d), to the credit of the state general fund.

(b) A revolving fund, designated as "compensating tax refund fund" not to exceed $10,000 shall be set apart and maintained by the director from compensating tax collections and estimated tax collections and held by the state treasurer for prompt payment of all compensating tax refunds. Such fund shall be in such amount, within the limit set by this section, as the director shall determine is necessary to meet current refunding requirements under this act.

(c) (1) The state treasurer shall credit 5/106 of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, at the rate of 4.9%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

(2) The state treasurer shall credit 5/106 of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 5.3%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

(3) On July 1, 2006, the state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{19}{265} \) of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, at the rate of 5.3%, and deposited as provided by subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

(4) On July 1, 2007, the state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{13}{106} \) of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, at the rate of 5.3%, and deposited as provided by subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

(5) The state treasurer shall credit \( \frac{5}{126} \) of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, at the rate of 6.3%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

(d) The state treasurer shall credit all revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, as certified by the director, from taxpayers doing business within that portion of a redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project that was determined by the secretary of commerce to be of statewide as well as local importance or will create a major tourism area for the state as defined in K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to the city bond finance fund created by subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3620, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this subsection shall expire when the total of all amounts credited hereunder and under subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3620, and amendments thereto, is sufficient to retire the special obligation bonds issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of such redevelopment project.

This subsection shall not apply to a project designated as a special bond project as defined in subsection (z) of K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 79-5040 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-5040. (a) In 1999, and in each year thereafter, all existing statutory fund mill levy rate and aggregate levy rate limitations on taxing subdivisions are hereby suspended.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not apply to the fund mill levy rate and aggregate levy rate limitations imposed by K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 72-979, 72-4419, 72-6405, 72-6410, 72-6411, 72-6412, 72-6413, 72-6414, 72-6415, 72-6420, 72-6421, 72-6433b, 72-6440,

Sec. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.