

Sex Offense Crimes Requiring Registration:

Adultery
Criminal Sodomy*
Aggravated Criminal Sodomy* +
Electronic Solicitation*
Aggravated Incest*
Indecent Liberties with a Child*
Aggravated Indecent Liberties with a Child*
Indecent Solicitation of a Child*
Aggravated Indecent Solicitation of a Child*
Lewd and Lascivious Behavior
Patronizing a Prostitute
Promoting Prostitution
Rape* +
Sexual Battery
Aggravated Sexual Battery*
Sexual Exploitation of a Child*
Sexually Motivated Crimes*
Sexually Violent Predators
Unlawful Sexual Relations*

Violent Offense Crimes Requiring Registration:

Capital Murder
Criminal Restraint
Deadly Weapon (Court finding on the record)
Aggravated Human Trafficking
Involuntary Manslaughter
Kidnapping
Aggravated Kidnapping
Murder in the First Degree
Murder in the Second Degree
Voluntary Manslaughter

Drug Offense Crimes Requiring Registration:

Possession of Precursor w/ Intent to Manufacture
Controlled Substance
Unlawful Manufacture of Controlled Substance
Unlawful Sale / Distribution of a Controlled Substance

Any Attempt, Conspiracy or Solicitation of an offense that requires registration.

Any out of state conviction that is comparable to an above listed crime is requires registration in the State of Kansas.

* Sexually Violent Crimes

+ Sexually Violent Crime and such crime is an Off-grid felony or a felony ranked in severity level 1 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4704

15 Year Duration of Registration – Adult Conviction

Sexual Battery
Adultery (one party < 18)
Patronizing a Prostitute (one party < 18)
Lewd and Lascivious Behavior (one party < 18)
Capital Murder
Murder in the First Degree
Murder in the Second Degree
Voluntary Manslaughter
Involuntary Manslaughter
Criminal Restraint (Victim < 18, except by a parent)
Sexually Motivated Crimes
Deadly Weapon (Court finding on the record)
Unlawful Manufacture of Controlled Substance
Possession of Precursor w/ Intent to Manufacture Controlled Substance
Unlawful Sale / Distribution of a Controlled Substance

25 Year Duration of Registration – Adult Conviction

Criminal Sodomy (one party 16 or more yoa but less than 18 yoa)
Indecent Solicitation of a Child
Electronic Solicitation
Aggravated Incest
Indecent Liberties with a Child
Unlawful Sexual Relations
Sexual Exploitation of a Child (Victim 14 or more yoa, but less than 16 yoa)
Aggravated Sexual Battery
Promoting Prostitution (Prostitute 14 or more yoa, but less than 18 yoa)

Lifetime Duration of Registration – Adult Conviction

Rape
Aggravated Indecent Solicitation of a Child
Aggravated Indecent Liberties with a Child
Criminal Sodomy (Victim 14 or more yoa, but less than 16 yoa)
Aggravated Criminal Sodomy
Aggravated Human Trafficking (Victim < 18)
Sexual Exploitation of a Child (Victim < 14)
Promoting Prostitution (Victim < 14)
Kidnapping
Aggravated Kidnapping
Sexually Violent Predator

Juvenile duration of registration

Juveniles < 14 yoa are required to register until 18 yoa or 5 years from date of adjudication or date of release from incarceration if adjudicated of a sexually violent crime.

Juveniles 14 or more yoa are required to register until 18 yoa or 5 years from date of adjudication or date of release from incarceration if adjudicated only of a sexually violent crime.

Juveniles 14 or more yoa are required to register for life if adjudicated Rape (person does not consent or victim < 14 yoa) and Aggravated Criminal Sodomy.

Periods of incarceration and non-compliance do not count toward an offender's duration of registration.

Kansas Offender Registration Act



Kirk D. Thompson, Director
Kansas Bureau of Investigation

Derek Schmidt
Kansas Attorney General

The Kansas Offender Registration Act is intended to provide the public with information regarding convicted offenders who could pose a threat to the safety of our families.

KBI Offender Registration Website
www.kansas.gov/kbi

Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website
www.nsopw.gov

KBI Offender Registration Unit Contact Info
E-mail: registered_offender@kbi.state.ks.us
Telephone: (785) 296-2841

Updated September 23, 2011

History of the Kansas Offender Registration Act KORA

In 1993, the Kansas Habitual Sex Offender Registration Act was enacted. In its initial form, the Act required adult offenders twice convicted of sexually violent crimes to register with the Sheriff of the Kansas county in which he or she lived. Offenders are required to provide a change of address within ten days of the change.

In 1994, the Act was renamed the Kansas Sex Offender Registration Act. The Act was amended to require adult offenders convicted once of a sexually violent crime to register. Registration is made open and available to the public at the local Sheriff's Office.

In 1996, the Kansas Supreme Court declared that the public access portion of the Act was unconstitutional for offenders who had committed their crimes prior to April 14, 1994. Due to this ruling, the public is now only allowed to access information concerning offenders who committed their crimes on or after April 14, 1994. Notwithstanding this limitation on public access, all offenders are still required to register with their local Sheriff's Office. The Act was amended to allow the Court to order registration for adults or juveniles as part of a probation order or diversion agreement. Offenders are required to provide DNA.

On April 24, 1997, the KBI established an Internet website providing offender information to the public online. The Kansas website was the first such state site established in the U.S.

In 1997, the Act was amended to require registration for convictions of certain violent crimes and other crimes against children and is renamed the Kansas Offender Registration Act. The KBI is required to mail a verification form to an offender's last known address every ninety days. The offender was required to complete and sign the verification form and return the form to the KBI within ten days after receipt of the form.

In 1999, the Act was amended to require lifetime registration for certain aggravated offenses. The penalty for violating any portion of the Act is increased to a level ten non-person felony.

In 2000, the Act was amended to include juvenile registration by the Court in a juvenile sentencing order.

In 2001, the Act was amended requiring non-resident persons working or attending school to register. Any Kansas resident required to register under any federal, military or other state's law must register in Kansas, even if such conviction was prior to April 14, 1994. Any person declared a sexually violent predator shall register for life.

In 2002, the Act was amended to require automatic registration for juveniles adjudicated of sexually violent crimes.

In 2003, the Act was amended to comply with Federal law relating to campus notifications for offenders working at or attending colleges.

In 2005, the Act was amended to include prominent display of offenders, who are required to register as sex offenders, on the KBI and Sheriff's websites. Kansas began participating in the Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website (NSOPW)

In 2006, the Act was amended requiring offenders to register, in person, two times a year, once in their birth month and six months thereafter. Offenders are required to remit payment to the Sheriff in the amount of \$20 and submit to the taking of a current photo in their required reporting months (twice a year). Offenders were still required to complete the verification form every ninety days. Offenders are required to annually renew any currently held Kansas Driver's License or Identification Card that will indicate they are a registered offender. The penalty for violating any portion of the Act is increased to a level five person felony.

In 2007, the Act was amended requiring offenders to register, in person, three times a year, once in their birth month and every four months thereafter with the Sheriff in the county where they reside, work or attend school. Offenders are required to remit payment to the Sheriff in the amount of \$20 and submit to the taking of a current photo in their required reporting months (three times a year). Offenders are required to provide any e-mail addresses and online identities. The KBI is no longer required to mail a verification form to the offender.

In 2010, the Act was amended requiring offenders to report a change of address within fourteen days of the change.

In 2011, the Act was amended requiring offenders being released on probation, receiving a suspended sentence, sentenced to community corrections or released on postrelease supervision to register with the Court of conviction at the time of sentencing or disposition; **or** if the offender is to remain in custody, register with the correctional facility within **three days** of initial custody and shall not be required to update their registration until released from custody, granted work release, or otherwise required to leave the grounds.

Offenders must register, in person, with the Sheriff's office within **three days** of coming in to any county or location in which the offender resides or intends to reside, maintains employment or intends to maintain employment, or attends school or intends to attend school.

Offenders must register, in person, **four times a year**, once in their birth month and every third, sixth and ninth month occurring before and after their birth month, with the Sheriff in the county or location where they reside, work or attend school. Offenders are required to remit payment to the Sheriff in the amount of \$20 and submit to the taking of a current photo in their required reporting months (**four times a year**).

If an offender is considered transient, register, in person, with the Kansas Sheriff's Office of such county or location every **thirty days** or more.

Offenders must register, in person, with the Sheriff's office where they reside, maintain employment, or attend school to provide any change of registration information within **three days** of the change.

Offenders must provide written notification to the Kansas Bureau of Investigation, Offender Registration Unit of any change of registration information within **three days** of the change.

Offenders must provide copies of all professional licenses, designations, certifications and all travel and immigration documents.

A first conviction for violating any portion of the Kansas Offender Registration Act (KORA) is a level six person felony; a second conviction is a level five person felony and a third or subsequent conviction is a level three person felony.